

**BELI MAPS AND DESSINS D'ENFANTS
HOMEWORK #5**

Exercise 5.1. Let X and Y be topological spaces. Suppose G is a group acting (continuously) on a topological space X , and let $\pi : X \rightarrow G \backslash X$ be the quotient map taking $x \mapsto Gx$.

- (a) Show that a map $f : G \backslash X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous if and only if $f \circ \pi : X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous and G -invariant, i.e., $(f \circ \pi)(gx) = (f \circ \pi)(x)$ for all $g \in G$ and $x \in X$.
- (b) Show that there is a bijective correspondence

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{continuous maps} \\ f : G \backslash X \rightarrow Y \end{array} \right\} \xleftrightarrow{\sim} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{G-invariant continuous} \\ \text{maps } h : X \rightarrow Y \end{array} \right\}.$$

Exercise 5.2. Let $\zeta = e^{2\pi i/r}$ be a primitive r^{th} root of unity. Define $\sigma, \tau : \widehat{\mathbb{C}} \rightarrow \widehat{\mathbb{C}}$ by $z \mapsto \zeta z$ and $z \mapsto 1/z$, respectively.

- (a) Show that the subgroup $G := \langle \sigma, \tau \rangle$ of $\text{Aut}(\widehat{\mathbb{C}})$ is isomorphic to D_{2r} , the dihedral group of order $2r$.
- (b) Let $\pi : \widehat{\mathbb{C}} \rightarrow G \backslash \widehat{\mathbb{C}}$ be the quotient map. Show that π has 3 ramification values whose corresponding ramification points have ramification indices $2, 2, r$, respectively.