# 18.440: Lecture 3 Sample spaces, events, probability

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#### Outline

Formalizing probability

Sample space

DeMorgan's laws

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# What does "I'd say there's a thirty percent chance it will rain tomorrow" mean?

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- ► Market preference ("risk neutral probability"): The market price of a contract that pays 100 if it rains tomorrow agrees with the price of a contract that pays 30 tomorrow no matter what.
- ▶ **Personal belief:** If you offered *me* a choice of these contracts, I'd be indifferent. (What if need for money is different in two scenarios. Replace dollars with "units of utility"?)

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- Randomly throw a dart at a board. Sample space is the set of points on the board.

#### Event: subset of the sample space

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- If S is a finite sample space with n elements, then there are 2<sup>n</sup> subsets of S.
- ▶ Denote by ∅ the set with no elements.

#### Intersections, unions, complements

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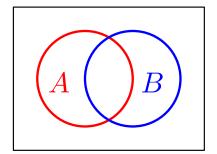
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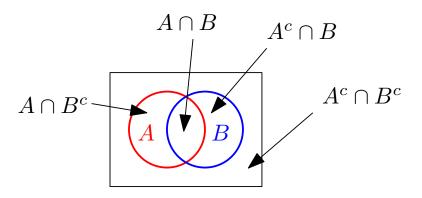
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- ▶ Countable additivity:  $P(\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} E_i) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} P(E_i)$  if  $E_i \cap E_j = \emptyset$  for each pair i and j.

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- ▶ Personal belief: P(A) is amount such that I'd be indifferent between contract paying 1 if A occurs and contract paying P(A) no matter what. Seems to satisfy axioms with some notion of utility units, strong assumption of "rationality"...