

# College Algebra - Trigonometry Formula Sheet

## Addition Formulas

$$\sin(s + t) = \sin(s) \cos(t) + \cos(s) \sin(t)$$

$$\cos(s + t) = \cos(s) \cos(t) - \sin(s) \sin(t)$$

## Double-Angle Formulas

$$\sin(2x) = 2 \sin(x) \cos(x)$$

$$\cos(2x) = 2 \cos^2(x) - 1$$

## Formulas for lowering powers

$$\sin^2(x) = \frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{2}$$

$$\cos^2(x) = \frac{1 + \cos(2x)}{2}$$

## Half-Angle Formulas

$$\sin(x/2) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{2}}$$

$$\cos(x/2) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos(x)}{2}}$$

## Product-To-Sum Formulas

$$\sin(x) \cos(y) = \frac{1}{2} (\sin(x + y) + \sin(x - y))$$

$$\cos(x) \cos(y) = \frac{1}{2} (\cos(x + y) + \cos(x - y))$$

$$\sin(x) \sin(y) = \frac{1}{2} (\cos(x - y) - \cos(x + y))$$

## Sum-To-Product Formulas

$$\sin(x) + \sin(y) = 2 \left( \sin \left( \frac{x + y}{2} \right) \cos \left( \frac{x - y}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$\cos(x) + \cos(y) = 2 \left( \cos \left( \frac{x + y}{2} \right) \cos \left( \frac{x - y}{2} \right) \right)$$

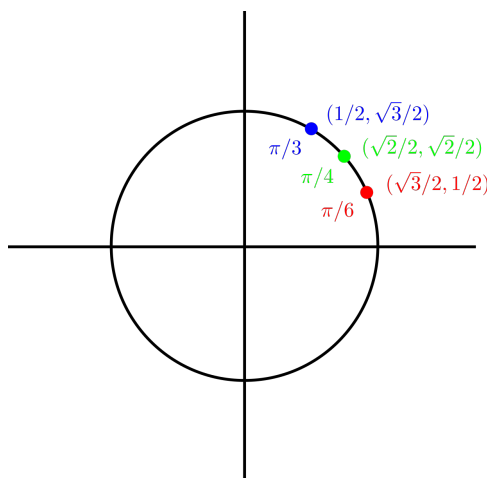


Figure 1: The Unit Circle