PROBLEM SET 12: INTEGRAL TEST

Note: Most of the problems were taken from the textbook [1].

Problem 1. Decide whether each series is convergent or divergent.

a) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(3n-1)^4};$ b) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n+4}}{n^2};$ c) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{\ln n}{n^2};$ d) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{n^4+1}.$

Problem 2. Explain why the Integral Test cannot be used to determine whether the following series is convergent.

a) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos \pi n}{\sqrt{n}};$ b) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos^2 n}{1+n^2}.$

Problem 3. Find the values of p for which the following series is convergent.

a)
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\ln n)^p};$$

b) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln n}{n^p};$
c) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n(1+n^2)^p.$

References

[1] J. Stewart: Single Variable Calculus 8th Edition, Cengage Learning, Boston 2015.