PROBLEM SET 3: COMPUTING LIMITS

Note: Most of the problems were taken from the textbook [1].

Problem 1. Find the equation of a tangent line to the graph of the function $f(x) = x^2 + 4x + 3$ passing by the point P = (0, -2).

Problem 2. Use the graph of the function $f(x) = \frac{x^2+x}{\sqrt{x^3+x^2}}$ to state the value of each limit if it exists. If it does not exists explain way.

- a) $\lim_{x\to 0^-} f(x);$
- b) $\lim_{x\to 0^+} f(x);$
- c) $\lim_{x\to 0} f(x)$.

Do the same if $f(x) = (1 + e^{1/x})^{-1}$.

Problem 3. Sketch a graph of an example of a function f that satisfies all of the following conditions:

- a) $\lim_{x\to 0^{-}} f(x) = 2;$ b) $\lim_{x\to 0^{+}} f(x) = 0;$ c) $\lim_{x\to 4^{-}} f(x) = 3;$ d) $\lim_{x\to 4^{+}} f(x) = \infty;$ e) f(0) = 2;
- f) f(4) is not defined.

Problem 4. Determine the infinite limits:

- a) $\lim_{x\to 0^+} \ln(\sin x)$;
- b) $\lim_{x\to\pi^-} \cot x$;
- c) $\lim_{x \to 2^+} \frac{x^2 2x 8}{x^2 5x + 6}$. d) $\lim_{x \to 0^+} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \ln x\right)$.

Problem 5. Evaluate each of the following limits, it it exists:

a)
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^4 - 1}{x^3 - 1};$$

b) $\lim_{t \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 + t} - \sqrt{1 - t}}{t};$
c) $\lim_{x \to -4} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 9} - 5}{x + 4}.$
d) $\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x + h)^3 - x^3}{h}.$

Problem 6. If $2x \leq g(x) \leq x^4 - x^2 + 2$ for all x, evaluate $\lim_{x \to 1} g(x)$.

Problem 7. Use the Squeeze Theorem to show that

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \sqrt{x^3 + x^2} \sin \frac{\pi}{x} = 0.$$

Problem 8. Prove that $\lim_{x\to 0} x^4 \cos \frac{2}{x} = 0$.

Problem 9. Find each of the following limits if it exists. If it does not exist, explain why.

a)
$$\lim_{x \to -6} \frac{2x+12}{|x+6|};$$

b) $\lim_{x \to 0^+} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{|x|}\right).$

References

[1] J. Stewart: Single Variable Calculus 8th Edition, Cengage Learning, Boston 2015.