LIMITS AND CONTINUITY

Problem 1 (jS, Exercises 14.2(10,13,16,19,22)). Find the limit, if it exists, or show that the limit does not exists.

- (1) $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{5y^4\cos^2 x}{\sqrt{x^4+y^4}}$. (2) $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$.
- (3) $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{xy^4}{x^4+y^4}$.
- (4) $\lim_{(x,y,z)\to(\pi,0,1/3)} e^{y^2} \tan(xz)$. (5) $\lim_{(x,y,z)\to(0,0,0)} \frac{x^2y^2z^2}{x^2+y^2+z^2}$.

Problem 2 (jS, Exercises 14.2(39,40,41)). Use polar coordinate to find the following limits.

- (1) $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x^3+y^3}{x^2+y^2}$. (2) $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} (x^2+y^2) \ln(x^2+y^2)$. (3) $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{e^{-x^2-y^2}-1}{x^2+y^2}$.

Problem 3 (jS, Exercises 14.2(30,35,36)). Determine the set of points at which the following functions are continuous.

- (1) $f(x,y) = \cos(\sqrt{1+x-y})$. (2) $f(x,y,z) = \arcsin(x^2+y^2+z^2)$.
- (3) $f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{y x^2} \ln z$.

Problem 4 (jS, Exercise 14.2.45). Show that the function f(x) = |x| is continuous in \mathbb{R}^n . [Hint: Consider $|x-a|^2 = (x-a) \cdot (x-a)$.]

References

[1] J. Stewart: Calculus 8th Edition, Cengage Learning, Boston 2016.