

Problem Set 2 (Due on Friday, 10/15)

Problem 1 Find an explicit simple formula for the number of compositions of $2n$ whose largest part is n .

Problem 2 Let $F(n)$ be the number of partitions of $[n]$ that do not contain any block of size 1. Prove combinatorially that $B(n) = F(n) + F(n+1)$, where $B(n)$ is the n -th Bell number.

Problem 3 For each $n \in \mathbb{N}$, prove that the number p_{odd} of partitions of n into odd parts equals the number $q(n)$ of partitions of n into distinct parts.

Problem 4 Prove that, for every $n \in \mathbb{N}$, the following identity holds:

$$\prod_{i=1}^n (1 + xq^i) = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k}_q q^{\binom{k+1}{2}} x^k.$$

Problem 5 For $n \in \mathbb{N}$, what number of cycles do we expect when we take at random a permutation in S_n ?

Problem 6 Let $I(n, j)$ be the number of permutations in S_n with no cycles of length greater than j . Prove the following recurrence identity:

$$I(n+1, j) = \sum_{k=n-j+1}^n (n)_{n-k} I(k, j),$$

where $(n)_k := n(n-1) \cdots (n-k+1)$.

Problem 7 For $n \in \mathbb{N}$ with $n \geq 2$, let $a(n, k)$ be the number of permutations in S_n with k cycles in which the entries 1 and 2 are in the same cycle. Prove the following identity:

$$\sum_{k=1}^n a(n, k) x^k = x(x+2)(x+3) \cdots (x+n-1).$$

Problem 8 Each person in a group of n friends checks a hat and an umbrella when entering a restaurant. When they leave, each of them is given back at random a hat and an umbrella (from the same set of articles they had already checked upon entrance). In how many ways none of the friends gets back her/his own hat or umbrella?