

**GMTW (HOMOTOPY TYPE OF THE COBORDISM CATEGORY)  
JUVITOP PROBLEMSSESSION**

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MODULI SPACES OF MANIFOLDS

**Exercise 0.1** (Parametrizing tangential structures). For a  $\mathrm{GL}_n(\mathbb{R})$ -equivariant space  $\Theta$ , a structure on a smooth fibre bundle  $\pi : E \rightarrow X$  with  $n$ -dimensional fibers is a  $\mathrm{GL}_n$ -equivariant map  $\mathrm{Fr}(T_\pi E) \rightarrow \Theta$ , where  $T_\pi E$  is the vertical tangent bundle  $\ker D\pi$ .

- (a) Show that having a  $\Theta$  structure as defined above implies we have a lift of the tangent classifier of each fiber  $\pi^{-1}(x)$  along a fibration  $B \rightarrow BGL_d$ . (Be very geometric.)
- (b) For what  $\mathrm{GL}_n$ -space  $\Theta$  would a  $\Theta$  structure be the data of a smoothly varying family of orientations on the fibers of  $\pi : E \rightarrow X$
- (c) Now find  $\Theta$  such that a  $\Theta$ -structure is a smoothly varying family of framings.

**Definition 0.2.** A *concordance* between two fibre bundles  $\pi_0 : E_0 \rightarrow X$  and  $\pi_1 : E_1 \rightarrow X$  with  $\Theta$ -structures  $\rho_0 : \mathrm{Fr}(T_\pi E_0) \rightarrow \Theta, \rho_1 : \mathrm{Fr}(T_\pi E_1) \rightarrow \Theta$  is a fibre bundle  $\pi : E \rightarrow X \times \mathbb{R}$  with isomorphisms of  $(\pi_0, \rho_0), (\pi_1, \rho_1)$  to the pullbacks along  $\{0\} \times X \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R} \times X, \{1\} \times X \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R} \times X$ .

**Exercise 0.3** (Classifying space of fibre bundles with  $\Theta$ -structure). Consider the contravariant functor in the category of manifolds taking  $X$  to the set  $\mathcal{F}[X]$  of concordance classes of fibre bundles over  $X$ . Let  $\Delta_e^k$  be the open standard  $p$ -simplex  $\{t \in \mathbb{R}^{k+1} \mid \sum t_i = 1\}$  and consider a simplicial set  $F_\bullet^\Theta$  whose  $p$ -simplices are the set of smooth fibre bundles  $E \rightarrow \Delta_e^p$  with  $\Theta$ -structure. Show that its geometric realization is a classifying space for  $\mathcal{F}$ , i.e.

$$\mathcal{F}[X] \cong [X, |F_\bullet^\Theta|]$$

What does each connected component of  $|F_\bullet^\Theta|$  classify? (Hints <sup>1</sup> <sup>2</sup>)

The moduli space  $|F_\bullet^\Theta|$  is denoted  $\mathcal{M}^\Theta$ . In general, for any sheaf  $\mathcal{F} : \mathrm{Man}^{\mathrm{op}} \rightarrow \mathrm{Sets}$  on the category of manifolds, this procedure produces a space classifying its concordance classes. For instance, we can recover the familiar notion of a classifying space of principal  $G$ -bundles.

**Exercise 0.4** (BG). Show the construction above recovers our usual notion of  $BG$  obtained from geometrically realizing the nerve of  $G$ , or whatever you know it

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<sup>1</sup>Hint 1: Define a simplicial set  $F_\bullet^\Theta(X)$  with  $p$ -simplices fibre bundles with  $\Theta$ -structure over  $X \times \Delta_e^p$ . Show  $\mathcal{F}^\Theta[X] \cong \pi_0 F_\bullet^\Theta(X)$ .

<sup>2</sup>Hint 2: Find a natural way to produce maps  $\mathrm{Sing}(X) \rightarrow F_\bullet^\Theta$ .

as. (Note concordance and diffeomorphism are equivalent in the case of principal  $G$ -bundles).

Of course with principal  $G$ -bundles we can do one better, because  $BG$  also comes with a universal fibration  $EG \rightarrow BG$  such that taking pullbacks of classifying maps gives us back our bundles. There is also such a universal fibration for the moduli space of manifolds above, or any similar construction with pullbacks. The universal bundle  $\mathcal{E}^\Theta$  is given by the geometric realization of the simplicial set that has  $p$ -simplices the set of triples  $(\pi, \rho, s)$  where  $\pi : E \rightarrow \Delta_e^p$  is a fibre bundle,  $\rho$  is a  $\Theta$ -structure, and  $s$  is a section of  $\pi$ .

**Exercise 0.5** (Universal fibre bundle with  $\Theta$  structure). Show there is a diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} E & \xleftarrow{\simeq} & |\text{Sing}(E)| & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{E}^\Theta \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ M & \xleftarrow{\simeq} & |\text{Sing}(M)| & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{M}^\Theta \end{array}$$

**Exercise 0.6.** Read Notation 1.4.3 of Page 19 of Lurie and give a model for the fibre bundle  $E \rightarrow \mathcal{B}(M, N)$ .

#### THE TOPOLOGICAL COBORDISM CATEGORY

**Exercise 0.7.** Notation 1.4.3 (Exercise 0.6) topologizes bordism sets of  $\text{Cob}(n)$ , but does it topologically enrich the category? Assuming you followed the moduli of manifolds construction from above, there should be one issue. (Hint: <sup>3</sup>) Try to fix it by topologizing the morphism sets in a different way. (Hints: <sup>4</sup> <sup>5</sup>)

**Exercise 0.8.** Now topologize the object set of  $\text{Cob}(n)$  also.

A category with a topology on objects and morphisms is called a *topological category*. One reason to topologize  $\text{Cob}(n)$  rather than just topologically enrich it is making the space  $BCob_{\mathbb{R}^n}(d)$  into an  $E_n$ -algebra, and upgrading the equivalence in Madsen-Weiss to a map of  $E_n$ -algebras (more on this soon).

**Exercise 0.9** (Contains spoilers to previous 2 exercises probably). We defined a topological bordism category  $\mathcal{C}_d(n)$  by embedding the objects into  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and morphisms into  $\mathbb{R}^n$  times some interval. Show  $BC_d(n)$  has an  $E_n$  structure. We will usually work with the direct limit over all  $n$ ,  $\mathcal{C}_d$ .

#### GMTW LORE

Two big predecessors to GMTW are in the low dimensions: the Madsen-Weiss theorem (homological stability of mapping class groups) and, before that, Barratt-Priddy-Quillen (homological stability of symmetric groups).

<sup>3</sup>composition

<sup>4</sup>In problem 2 we saw each connected component of the moduli space of manifolds classifies fibre bundles with fibre  $W$  for some diffeomorphism class of  $n$ -manifolds  $W$ . Then  $\mathcal{M}^\Theta = \bigsqcup_W \text{BDiff}(W)$ . Find a way to build  $\text{BDiff}(W)$  that is more compatible with composition.

<sup>5</sup>Embed things. Is that enough?

Lurie sort of mentions MW but let's go over the result in a little more detail: Let  $C_g$  be the space of subsurfaces of  $(-\infty, g] \times \mathbb{R}^\infty$  diffeomorphic to the genus  $g$  surface with one boundary component  $\Sigma_{g,1}$ , with some prescribed boundary circle. (Note taking the space of subsurfaces is quite different from taking the space of embeddings)

**Exercise 0.10.**  $C_g$  is a  $K(\pi_0 \text{Diff}(\Sigma_{g,1}), 1)$ .

We have  $C_g \subset C_{g+1}$  by attaching twice punctured tori in  $[g, g+1] \times \mathbb{R}^\infty$  with prescribed boundary circles, and  $\mathcal{C}_\infty = \cup_g C_g$  the limit, then MW showed

$$H_*(\mathcal{C}_\infty) \cong H_*(\Omega_0^\infty AG_{2,\infty}^+)$$

induced by a map  $\alpha : \mathcal{C}_\infty \rightarrow \Omega^\infty AG_{2,\infty}^+$  where  $AG_{2,\infty}^+$  is the affine grassmanian of affine 2 planes in  $\mathbb{R}^\infty$ . Unlike BPQ though, the map in MW applies to arbitrary dimension and is related to the map giving the homotopy equivalence in GMTW.

**Exercise 0.11** (Scanning map). Let  $N$  be a  $d$ -manifold and  $C(N, \mathbb{R}^n)$  the space of submanifolds of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  diffeomorphic to  $N$ . Construct a map  $C(N, \mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow \Omega^n AG_{d,n}^+$  by noting any embedded  $N \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  is kindof planar if you look really really close! Stabilize to a map  $C(N, \mathbb{R}^\infty) \rightarrow \Omega^\infty AG_{d,\infty}$  which specializes to the MW map in the case  $d = 2$ .

Ok, so what about GMTW? In the previous exercises we've constructed a topological cobordism category

$$\text{ob } \mathcal{C}_d \simeq \bigsqcup_{\substack{\text{diffeo} \\ \text{classes} \\ M}} \text{BDiff}(M) \quad \text{mor } \mathcal{C}_d \simeq \bigsqcup_{\substack{\text{diffeo} \\ \text{classes} \\ W}} \text{BDiff}(W, \partial)$$

as a colimit over categories  $\text{Cob}_{\mathbb{R}^n}(d)$  whose objects are embedded  $d$ -manifolds in  $\mathbb{R}^{n+d-1}$  and morphisms are embedded manifolds with boundary in  $[a, b] \times \mathbb{R}^{n+d-1}$ . Let  $G(d, n)$  be the Grassmanian of  $d$  planes in  $\mathbb{R}^{n+d}$  and  $U_{d,n}^\perp$  the bundle  $\{(V, v) \in G(n, d) \times \mathbb{R}^{n+d} | v \perp V\}$ . GMTW shows there's an equivalence

$$(1) \quad \alpha : BC_d \rightarrow \Omega^{\infty-1} MTO(d)$$

where  $MTO(d)$  is the spectrum whose  $(n+d)$ th space is  $\text{Th}(U_{n,d}^\perp)$ . In fact there's equivalences  $B\text{Cob}_{\mathbb{R}^n}(d) \rightarrow \Omega^{n+d-1} \text{Th}(U_{d,n}^\perp)$ . We showed the LHS is an  $E_{n+d-1}$  algebra, and the RHS is too. Chris Schommer-Pries showed how to find a zig zag of weak equivalences between these two spaces that are all maps of  $E_{n+d-1}$ -algebras.

The map  $\alpha$  above goes like this: a morphism in the topological cobordism category is a bordism  $W \subset [a_0, a_1] \times \mathbb{R}^{n+d-1}$ . Thom collapse map of its normal bundle  $\nu$  gives a map  $[a_0, a_1]_+ \wedge S^{n+d-1} \rightarrow \text{Th}(\nu)$  which we can compose with the normal classifier  $\text{Th}(\nu) \rightarrow \text{Th}(U_{d,n}^\perp)$ . Taking the adjoint to get  $[a_0, a_1]_+ \wedge S^0 \rightarrow \Omega^{n+d-1} \text{Th}(U_{n,d}^\perp) \rightarrow \Omega^{\infty-1} MTO(d)$ . Then a morphism in  $\mathcal{C}_d$  gives us a path in  $\Omega^{\infty-1} MTO(d)$ . This assembles into a functor  $\mathcal{C}_d \rightarrow \text{Path}(\Omega^{\infty-1} MTO(d))$  and taking  $B$  gives  $\alpha : BC_d \rightarrow \Omega^{\infty-1} MTO(d)$ .

**Exercise 0.12.** How are the  $\alpha$  from GMTW and the  $\alpha$  from MW related?

## A BIT ABOUT THE GMTW PAPER

GMTW proves the equivalence between the spaces in **1** by constructing a zig-zag of equivalences between *sheaf models* for these spaces. What does that mean!

**Exercise 0.13** (Possibly very hard even though I've tried being suggestive throughout the handout, pls ask me for hints I guess). The goal is to construct a  $\text{Cat}$ -valued sheaf  $C_d : \text{Man}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Cat}$  with a continuous functor  $|C_d| \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_d$  to the topological cobordism category that is a weak equivalence on classifying spaces.

- (1) For each manifold  $X$ , construct a “topological cobordism category over  $X$ ”  $C_d(X)$  where the objects are fibre bundles over  $X$ . Think about what you need to make things glue as effortlessly as possible. (Hints: <sup>6</sup> <sup>7</sup>)
- (2) Show the functor  $C_d : \text{Man}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Cat}$  is isomorphic to  $C^\infty(-, \mathcal{C}_d)$ , so we have a continuous functor  $|C_d| \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_d$ .
- (3) Show  $N_k|C_d| \rightarrow N_k\mathcal{C}_d$  is an equivalence.

GMTW also proves a version of the above theorem with  $\Theta$ -structures. In Problem 1 we defined  $\Theta$ -structure on a fibre bundle  $\pi : E \rightarrow X$  and showed (spoilers) it is equivalent to a lift of the classifying map for  $T_\pi E$  along a fibration  $\theta : B = \Theta//GL_d \rightarrow G(d, \infty)$  (which in particular means we lift the tangent classifiers of each fiber). Let  $MT^\theta(d)$  be the spectrum with  $(n + d)$ th space  $\text{Th}(\theta^*U_{d, \infty}^\perp)$ , then

$$\alpha : BC_d^\theta \rightarrow \Omega^{\infty-1}MT^\theta(d)$$

- Exercise 0.14.** (a) Show that in the case of framed bordism, the spectrum  $MT^\theta(d)$  is a shifted sphere spectrum.
- (b) Be happy because, as Lurie remarks in page 51,  $\text{—Bord}_n\text{—}$  is loops infinity of the sphere, and the bordism category in GMTW is a  $d - 1$ -fold looping of Lurie’s extended bordism category.

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<sup>6</sup>Before we embedded objects in  $a_i \times \mathbb{R}^{n+d-1}$  and morphisms in  $[a_0, a_1] \times \mathbb{R}^{n+d-1}$ , now we should have an  $X$ -parametrized family of such embeddings.

<sup>7</sup>For things to glue nicely we probably want  $\epsilon$ -sized collars at first, though then we can take limit as  $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$