## 18.S097 Introduction to Proofs IAP 2015 Homework 2 Due: Friday, Jan. 9, 2015

**Problem 1.** In this problem, we examine a second proof of the fact that there is no rational  $x \in \mathbb{Q}$  such that  $x^2 = 2$ .

(1) Suppose that the claim failed, i.e. that there exists  $x \in \mathbb{Q}$  with  $x^2 = 2$ , and choose  $\tilde{x} = |x|$  (so that  $\tilde{x}^2 = 2$ ). Show that there exists  $q \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{0\}$  such that

 $(\tilde{x}-1)q$  is a non-negative integer. (1)

(2) Choose  $q_* \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{0\}$  as the smallest positive integer such that (1) holds, and define  $q' = (\tilde{x} - 1)q_*$ .

Show that:

- (a) The inequalities  $0 < q' < q_*$  hold (that is, show each of the inequalities q' > 0 and  $q' < q_*$ ).
- (b) The quantity  $(\tilde{x} 1)q'$  is a non-negative integer.

Observe that since this contradicts the minimality of  $q_*$ , no such  $x \in \mathbb{Q}$  exists.