18.S097 Introduction to Proofs IAP 2015 Homework 3 Due: Monday, Jan. 12, 2015

Problem 1. Let A and B be arbitrarily given sets.

(1) Show that a function $f : A \to B$ is injective if and only if there exists a left inverse $g : B \to A$ for f in the sense that g(f(x)) = x for all $x \in A$.

Similarly, given two functions $f : A \to B$ and $g : B \to A$, we say that g is a right inverse for f if f(g(x)) = x for all $x \in B$.

Establish the following claims:

- (2) A given function $f : A \to B$ is surjective if and only if there exists a right inverse $g : B \to A$ for f.
- (3) Suppose that $f : A \to B$ has both a left inverse $g_1 : B \to A$ and a right inverse $g_2 : B \to A$. Then $g_1 = g_2$ (that is, $g_1(x) = g_2(x)$ for every $x \in B$).