

APPLIED MATHEMATICS COLLOQUIUM

MODEL REDUCTION OF LARGE DYNAMICAL SYSTEMS

PAUL VAN DOOREN

CESAME, Université Catholique de Louvain
Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium

ABSTRACT:

We describe model reduction techniques for large scale dynamical systems, modeled via generalized state-space systems

$$\begin{cases} E\dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + Bu(t) \\ y(t) = Cx(t) + Du(t), \end{cases}$$

with input $u(t) \in \mathfrak{R}^m$, state $x(t) \in \mathfrak{R}^N$ and output $y(t) \in \mathfrak{R}^p$. These models arise from the discretization of continuum problems and correspond to sparse systems of equations $\{E, A, B, C, D\}$. The state dimension N is typically very large, while m and p are usually reasonably small. Although the numerical simulation of such systems may still be viable for large state dimensions N , most control problems of such systems are of such high complexity that they require model reduction techniques, i.e. techniques that construct a lower order model via a projection on a state space of lower dimension. We survey such techniques and discuss extensions to interconnected and mechanical systems as well as time-varying system models.

Monday, March 29, 2004
4:15 p.m.

M.I.T. Room 2-105

Refreshments will be served at 3:30 PM in Room 2-349.

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Department of Mathematics
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Cambridge, MA 02139