

18.315 PROBLEM SET 5 (due Tuesday, December 12, 2006.)

Turn in at most 5 problems.

1. A *domino tableau* is a ribbon tableau of weight  $(2, 2, \dots, 2)$ . Let  $DT(\lambda)$  be the number of domino tableaux of shape  $\lambda$ . Find a closed expression for the sum  $\sum_{\lambda} DT(\lambda)^2$  over partitions  $\lambda$  such that  $|\lambda| = 2n$ .
2. For partitions  $\lambda, \mu, \gamma$  with  $k$  parts, prove that the Kostka number equals the Littlewood-Richardson coefficient  $K_{\lambda\mu} = c_{\lambda, \gamma}^{\mu+\gamma}$ , if  $\gamma$  satisfies the condition  $\min |\gamma_i - \gamma_{i+1}| > \mu_1$ . (For example, the equality  $K_{\lambda\mu} = c_{\lambda, \gamma}^{\mu+\gamma}$  holds if  $\gamma = (kN, (k-1)N, \dots, N)$  for sufficiently large  $N$ .)
3. Construct a bijection between two variants  $BZ_1$  and  $BZ_2$  of Berenstein-Zelevinsky triangles. ( $BZ_1$  involves the hexagon condition and  $BZ_2$  has the tail-sum condition.)
4. Construct a bijection between the set of Littlewood-Richardson tableaux  $LR(\lambda/\mu, \nu)$  and the set of Knutson-Tao honeycombs with boundary rays given by  $\lambda, \mu$ , and  $\nu$  (as described in class).
5. Prove Knutson-Tao's puzzle version of the LR-rule. (It is enough to show that the puzzle LR-rule is equivalent to another version: LR-tableaux, BZ-triangles, or KT-honeycombs.)
6. Let  $(\lambda/\mu)^\vee$  be the skew shape  $\lambda/\mu$  rotated by  $180^\circ$ . Construct a bijection between the sets of Littlewood-Richardson tableaux  $LR(\lambda/\mu, \nu)$  and  $LR((\lambda/\mu)^\vee, \nu)$ .
7. Let  $V_\lambda$  be the irreducible representations of  $S_n$  labelled by partitions  $\lambda$  as in the Okounkov-Vershik construction. (That is the eigenvalues of the Jucys-Murphy elements in the representation  $V_\lambda$  are the contents of the shape  $\lambda$ .) Also let  $\tilde{V}_\lambda$  be the irreducible representation of  $S_n$  whose character  $\chi_\lambda$  corresponds to the Schur function  $s_\lambda$  under the Frobenius characteristic map  $ch$ . Prove that  $V_\lambda = \tilde{V}_\lambda$ . In other words, show that Okounkov-Vershik's and Frobenius' approaches lead to the same labelling of the irreducible representations by partitions.
8. (a) Prove that  $\sum_{\lambda} z_\lambda^{-1} p_\lambda(x) p_\lambda(y) = \prod_{i,j} \frac{1}{1-x_i y_j}$  and deduce that  $\langle p_\lambda, p_\mu \rangle = z_\lambda \delta_{\lambda\mu}$ . (b) Prove that  $\sum_{\lambda: |\lambda|=n} z_\lambda^{-1} p_\lambda = h_n$ .
9. Calculate all values of the character  $\chi_{(n-1,1)}$  of the irreducible representation  $V_{(n-1,1)}$  of  $S_n$ .
10. For a partition  $\lambda$ , give a closed formula for the character value  $\chi_\lambda((2, 1, \dots, 1))$ .