

FF curve III

E non arch local field $\mathcal{O}_E \ni \pi$ \mathbb{F}_q

C / \mathbb{F}_q complete non arch alg closed field

\rightsquigarrow FF curve

$$X_{C,E} = Y_{C,E} / \phi_C^{\mathbb{Z}} \quad \text{adic space} / E$$

$$X \cong X_C \cong Y_{C,E} \xrightarrow{\text{open}} \text{Spa } \underbrace{W_{\mathcal{O}_E}(\mathcal{O}_C)}_{\text{flat deformation of } \mathcal{O}_C \text{ to } \mathcal{O}_E}$$

where $\pi \neq 0$
and $[\varpi] \neq 0$

$\varpi \in C$ pseudo unif

$$X_{C,E}^{\text{cl}} \longleftrightarrow |X_{C,E}|$$

$$\cong \{ \text{untilt } C^*/E \text{ of } C \} / \phi_C^{\mathbb{Z}}$$

Any con affinoid open subset $\text{Spa } A \subseteq X_{C,E}$

has A a PID

$$\text{and } \text{Spm } A = X_{C,E}^{\text{cl}} \cap |\text{Spa } A| \subseteq |X_{C,E}|$$

• for any closed pt $\gamma \in Y_{C,E}^{\text{cl}}$, $\exists t \in \mathbb{C}$

$$0 < |t| < 1 \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \gamma = V(\pi - [t])$$

(it's subtle that t is not unique)

Classification Theorem for Vector bundles

Isocrystals Recall An isocrystal is

a pair (V, ϕ) V f.d. $\underline{\mathbb{E}}$ -vect space

$$+ \phi_V: V \xrightarrow{\sim} V$$

$\phi_{\underline{\mathbb{E}}}$ -linear auto

$W_{\mathbb{Q}_E}(\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q)[\frac{1}{\pi}] \cong \underline{\mathbb{E}}/E$ completion of max unramified ext

\rightsquigarrow E -linear \otimes -category Isoc_E

Examples 0) unit $(\underline{\mathbb{E}}, \phi_{\underline{\mathbb{E}}})$

1) 1-dim obj $(\underline{\mathbb{E}}, b\phi_{\underline{\mathbb{E}}})$ for some $b \in \underline{\mathbb{E}}$

any such is iso to $(\underline{\mathbb{E}}, \pi^n \phi_{\underline{\mathbb{E}}})$ for a unique $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

pf: $a^{-1}b\phi(a) \sim b \quad a \in \underline{\mathbb{E}}^\times$

but $\underline{a^{-1} \phi(a)} \in O_{\mathbb{E}}^{\times}$ can be any possible element

$$\text{Hom}(\left(\overset{V}{\mathbb{E}}, \pi^n \phi_{\mathbb{E}}\right), \left(\overset{V}{\mathbb{E}}, \pi^m \phi_{\mathbb{E}}\right)) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{E} & m=n \\ 0 & m \neq n \end{cases}$$

2) $\lambda = \frac{s}{r} \in \mathbb{Q} \quad (s,r)=1 \quad r > 0$

$$(V_{\lambda}, \phi_{V_{\lambda}}) = \left(\overset{V}{\mathbb{E}}^r, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \\ & \ddots & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ & & & 1 \end{pmatrix} \phi_{\mathbb{E}} \right)$$

Q: Can we do an integral isocrystal theory?

Thm (Dieudonné - Manin)

Q: what if $(r,s) \neq 1$
what obj do you get?

$$\text{Isoc}_{\mathbb{E}} = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \mathbb{Q}} \text{Isoc}_{\mathbb{E}}^{\lambda}$$

A: get a direct sum
e.g. $\mathbb{E}(\frac{2}{3}) = \mathbb{E}(1) \oplus \mathbb{E}(1)$
"isoclinic of slope λ "

$$\text{Isoc}_{\mathbb{E}}^{\lambda} := (\mathbb{E} \text{ f.d v.s}) \otimes V_{\lambda}$$

$\text{End}(V_{\lambda}) = D_{\lambda}$
central div alg of inv λ

Sketch of proof

$$\forall V = (V, \phi_V) \in \text{Isoc}_{\mathbb{E}} \in \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}$$

define $\mu(V) = \frac{\deg(V)}{\text{rk}(V)}$ \longleftarrow $\det V \in \text{Iso}_{\mathbb{E}}$ of rk 1
 \longleftarrow $\dim_{\mathbb{E}} V$ $n = \deg V$

\rightsquigarrow "Harder - Narasimhan formalism of slopes"

↪ (semi-) stable objects:

(V, ϕ_V) (semi-) stable if

$$\forall 0 \subsetneq (V', \phi_{V'}) \subsetneq (V, \phi_V)$$

$$\mu(V') \leq \mu(V)$$

(\leq) \leftarrow stable

like rk 1 case
no map between
objs with diff
slopes

↪ "HN filtration" decreasing separated
exhausted fil

$$V^{\geq \lambda} \subseteq V$$

(\mathbb{Q} -indexed)

st each $V^\lambda := V^{\geq \lambda} / \bigcup_{\lambda' > \lambda} V^{\geq \lambda'}$

is semi-stable of slope λ

Note $\mu'(V) := -\mu(V)$ also gives HN formalism

⇒ the filtration is canonical split

$$\text{Isoc}_E = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \mathbb{Q}} \text{Isoc}_E^\lambda \leftarrow \text{"semi-stable of slope"} \lambda$$

$\lambda = 0$: want $\text{Isoc}_E^0 \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{f.d. } E\text{-vs}$

$$(W \otimes_E \check{E}, \text{id} \otimes \phi_{\check{E}}) \longleftarrow W$$

ess surj $\Leftrightarrow \forall$ all $(V, \phi_V) \in \text{Isoc}_E^0$

it has many ϕ -inv elements

Similar idea
for classifying vect
" FF curve
but more diff
and different
idea

i.e $W = \bigcup_{\phi_V = \text{id}} V$, we shall have

$$W \otimes_E \check{E} \xrightarrow{\cong} V$$

idea Show that V has a ϕ_V -stable

lattice $L \subseteq V$ $\phi_V(L) = L$ (e.g. $\sum_i \phi_V^i(L_0)$)

then L $\phi_L = \text{id}$ is finite free

over O_E with correct rank by Artin-Schreier theory

for general λ , $(V, \phi_V) \in \text{Isoc}_E^\lambda$

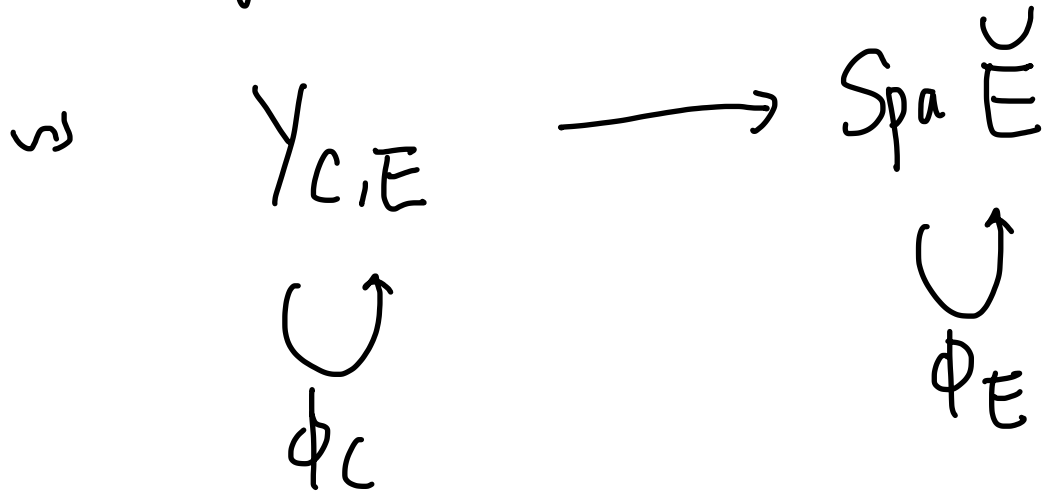
$$\underline{\text{Hom}}((V_\lambda, \phi_{V_\lambda}), (V, \phi_V)) \in \text{Isoc}_E^0$$

0

Back to FF curve

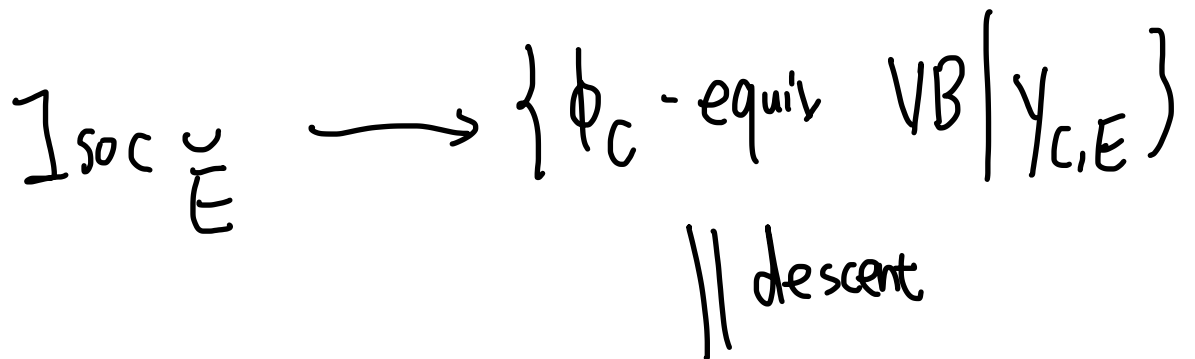
Note $\overline{\mathbb{F}_q} \subseteq \mathbb{C}$

Q: Do we have good int model of FF curve



pull back

functor



$VB(X_{C,E})$

$V \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{E}(Y)$

simplified proof, but use deep thm of period map Lubin-Tate tower, Drinfeld

Let $\mathcal{O}_{X_{C,E}}(\lambda) := \mathcal{E}(V_{-\lambda})$

difficult computation

Thm

(Farques-Fontaine '10, Hartl-Pink '04)

Kedlaya '04

\overline{E} p-adic

$E = (\mathbb{F}_q((t)))$

in the language of only ϕ -equiv VB on Y_C rigid varieties, Y_C is, but X_C is not

Any VB \mathcal{E} on $X_{C,E}$ is isom to
a direct sum of $\mathcal{O}(\lambda)$

i.e. $\text{Isoc } \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \text{VB}(X_{C,E})$

is ess surjective

1) any \mathcal{E} also has a HN filtration

$$\mathcal{E}^{\pi_\lambda} \subseteq \mathcal{E}$$

2) $\text{Isoc}^\lambda(\mathcal{E}) \cong \text{VB}^\lambda(X_{C,E})$

3) The HN filtration split
(but not uniquely)

1) like for all smooth proj curves

2) Similar to \mathbb{P}^1 , but not other curves

3) Similar to $g=0, 1$, but not higher genus

By our convention $(O(X) = \mathcal{E}(Y \rightarrow X))$ With odd structure

$$H^0(X_{C,E}, O(n)) = \begin{cases} \text{inf-dim } E\text{-vs} & , n > 0 \\ E & , n = 0 \\ 0 & , n < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$H^1(X_{C,E}, O(n)) = \begin{cases} 0 & n > 0 \\ 0 & n = 0 \\ \text{inf-dim } E\text{-vs} & n < 0 \end{cases}$$

Q: Serre duality? ← BC spaces

Q: de Rham coh? not defined

Let $C^\# / E$ some untilt of C but have étale coh

$$\text{Spa } C^\# \xrightarrow{i} X_{C,E}$$

$$0 \longrightarrow I \longrightarrow \mathcal{O}_{X_{C,E}} \longrightarrow i_* C^\# \longrightarrow 0$$

$$O(-1) \cong$$

$$\rightsquigarrow H^1(X_{C,E}, O(-1)) = C^\# / E$$

Q:
 $C^\# / E$
 independent of $C^\#$?

"Banach-Colmez Spaces": built from f.d

$C^\#$ -vs + f.d E-vs

Similarly
(twist by $\mathcal{O}(1)$)

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(1) \rightarrow i_* C^\# \rightarrow 0$$

$\hookrightarrow 0 \rightarrow E \rightarrow H^0(X, \mathcal{O}(1)) \rightarrow C^\# \rightarrow 0$

Next Goal: proof of the classification thm
(a new proof!)
no hard computation

using heavily perfectoid spaces, diamonds
 v -descent

Some reductions (Same in all known proofs)

1) line bundles

Firstly . prove that " $\mathcal{O}(1)$ is ample"

Thm (Kedlaya - Liu '15)

For any vector bundle \mathcal{E} on $X_{C,E}$

$\forall n \gg 0, \mathcal{E}(n) = \mathcal{E} \otimes_{\mathcal{O}} \mathcal{O}(n)$

is globally generated, and $H^1(X, \mathcal{E}(n)) = 0$

(Note: $H^i(X_{C,E}, \mathcal{E}) = 0 \quad \forall i \geq 2$)
 because $|X_{C,E}|$ is a curve

pf: not hard, just need to do right estimates

Cor
(GAGA)

$P = \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} H^0(X_{C,E}, \mathcal{O}(n))$

$X_{C,E}^{alg} := Proj(P)$

No, $|X_{C,E}^{alg}| = X_{C,E}^{cl} \cup \{n\}$
 all other pts of $X_{C,E}^{cl}$ go to n

\hookrightarrow natural map of locally ringed spaces

$X_{C,E} \xrightarrow{f} X_{C,E}^{alg}$

Q: is the top space the same

soe $- f^* : VB(X_{C,E}^{alg}) \rightarrow VB(X_{C,E})$ eq

— preserves cohomology

$(X_{C,E}^{\text{alg}})$

regular, noetherian, Krull dim 1,
locally spectrum of a PID)

Cor

Any line bundle $\mathcal{L} \in \text{Pic}(X_{C,E})$

is isomorphic to $\mathcal{O}(D)$
for some divisor $D \in \bigoplus_{x \in X_{C,E}^{\text{cl}}} \mathbb{Z}$

prop

$\forall x \in X_{C,E}^{\text{cl}}$

$$\mathcal{O}(x) \cong \mathcal{I}_x^{-1} \cong \mathcal{O}_{X_{C,E}}(1)$$

(next time: use Lubin-Tate theory)

Cor

$$\mathcal{O}(D) \cong \mathcal{O}(\deg D), \text{ so}$$

$$\text{Pic}(X_{C,E}) \cong \mathbb{Z}$$

$\mathcal{O}(1)$
(like \mathbb{P}^1) \longleftrightarrow 1

(check $\mathcal{O}(n) \not\cong \mathcal{O}(m)$)

Now, define $\deg \mathcal{E} :=$ image of $\det \mathcal{E} = \wedge^{\text{rk}} \mathcal{E}$

$$\mu(\mathcal{E}) = \frac{\deg \mathcal{E}}{\text{rk } \mathcal{E}} \quad (\mathcal{E} \neq 0)$$

$\xrightarrow{\text{as classical set up}}$ HN filtration on the curve $\leadsto 1)$

Remaining Step: classify semi-stable VB of slope

$$\text{f.d } \mathcal{E}\text{-vs } \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{VB}(X_{C,E})^0$$

$$W \longmapsto W \otimes_E \mathcal{O}_{X_{C,E}}$$

Key If $\mathcal{E} / X_{C,E}$ semi-stable of slope 0

then

$$\underline{H^0(X_{C,E}, \mathcal{E}) \neq 0}$$

$$\text{i.e. } \mathcal{O}_x \xrightarrow{\neq 0} \mathcal{E}$$

so induction \checkmark

Idea enlarge C

consider the functor on $\{C'/C\}$

$$C'/C \longmapsto H^0(X_{C',E}, \mathcal{E}|_{X_{C',E}})$$

shall be a geometric obj (like a space)

whose C' -valued pts are $H^0(X_{C',E}, \mathcal{E}|_{X_{C',E}})$

need more test objects to define a space

perfectoid C -algs \rightsquigarrow a sheaf on aff perfd space/ C

Ex Fix $C^\# / E$ untilt of C

R perfd C -alg $\xrightarrow{\text{tilting equi } /C} \exists!$ untilt $R^\# / C^\#$

\rightsquigarrow

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathrm{Spa} R^\# & \xrightarrow{i_{R^\#}} & X_{R,E} & 0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(-1) \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow i_{R^\#} \mathcal{O}_{R^\#} \rightarrow 0 \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow & \\
 \mathrm{Spa} C^\# & \xrightarrow{i_{C^\#}} & X_{C,E} & 0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(-1) \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow i_{C^\#} \mathcal{O}_{C^\#} \rightarrow 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow H^1(X_{R,E}, \mathcal{O}(-1)) = R^\# / E$$

so get (in equal char, $R^\# = R$)

$$H^1(\mathcal{O}(-1)) = \mathbb{A}_C^1 / E \quad E \subset \mathbb{A}_C^1 \text{ closed subset}$$

\uparrow
 locally profinite
 gp

quotient of \mathbb{A}_C^1 by pro-étale equiv relation

General picture

$H^0(-, \mathcal{E}), H^1(-, \mathcal{E})$ are

"quotients of perf'd space by pro-étale relations"
 (char p)

diamonds ← they're motivations
 like alg spaces
 { BC spaces } = "quotients of schemes by étale relations"
 geometry

Next time:
 pf of classification (Lubin-Tate)
diamonds } line bundle

Q: equal char $H^0(X, \mathcal{O}(n)) = ?$
 $= m_c^*$

