

39. TOPIC 8: MORE ON THE DETERMINANT BUNDLE  
 IN PLACE OF LECTURE FOR WEDNESDAY, 27 NOVEMBER, 2008

These are as yet very crude notes.

Consider the  $3 \times 3$  commutative block in which the groups are only roughly identified:-

$$(39.1) \quad \begin{array}{ccc} G_{11} & G_{12} & G_{13} \\ G_{21} & G_{22} & G_{23} \\ G_{31} & G_{32} & G_{33} \end{array} = \begin{array}{ccccc} G_{\text{sus}}^{-\infty} & \longrightarrow & \dot{G}_{\text{sus}}^0 & \xrightarrow{\sigma} & G_{\text{sus}(2)}^{-\infty} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \tilde{G}_{\text{sus}}^{-\infty} & \longrightarrow & \dot{G}_{\text{sus pt } \infty}^0 & \xrightarrow{\sigma} & \tilde{G}_{\text{sus}(2)} \\ \downarrow R & & \downarrow R & & \downarrow R \\ G^{-\infty} & \longrightarrow & \dot{G}^0 & \xrightarrow{\sigma} & G_{\text{sus, ind}=0}^{-\infty} \end{array}$$

In more detail:-

- $G_{11}$  : This is the classifying group for even K-theory  $G_{\text{sus, iso}}^{-\infty}(\mathbb{R}^2)$  consisting of the elements  $a \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^5)$  where the first variable is a parameter, so the product is pointwise in this variable and in the last four variables is as smoothing operators on  $\mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^2)$  and  $\text{Id} + a(t)$  is required to be invertible for all  $t$ .
- $G_{21}$  : This is the contractible, half-free version of the preceding group - it consists of smooth loops in  $G^{-\infty}(\mathbb{R}^2)$  which have Schwartz derivative and tend to  $\text{Id}$  as  $t \rightarrow -\infty$ .
- $G_{31}$  : This is the classifying group for odd K-theory  $G_{\text{iso}}^{-\infty}(\mathbb{R}^2)$ .
- $G_{*1}$  : Is therefore the (flat) delooping sequence for  $G_{\text{iso}}^{-\infty}(\mathbb{R}^2)$ .
- $G_{12}$  : This is the symbolically suspended group of invertible isotropic pseudodifferential operators on  $\mathbb{R}$  with values in  $\Psi_{\text{iso}}^{-\infty}(\mathbb{R})$  and normalization condition. As functions the kernels can be identified with functions on  $\overline{\mathbb{R}^3} \times \mathbb{R}^2$  which are  $\mathcal{C}^\infty$  and Schwartz in the last two variables. The first variable,  $t$ , is a parameter and the functions are required to vanish to infinite order at  $C$  which is a great half circle in the  $t$  direction. They are quantized to operators by Weyl quantization in the second two variables and then we require  $\text{Id} + a(t)$  to be invertible for all  $t$ . This group is contractible.
- $G_{22}$  : This group is supposed to be similar to the previous one except it is now of product type. As functions the elements are smooth on  $[\overline{\mathbb{R}^3}, \{t = \infty\}] \times \mathbb{R}^2$  and vanish to infinite order at the lift of  $C$  to the blow up - which means the closure of the complement of  $t = \infty$ . The product extends to these more general functions and we look at the group of invertible perturbations as before. This is also a contractible group.
- $G_{32}$  : This is really a  $*$ -extended version of the usual group  $\dot{G}_{\text{iso}}^0(\mathbb{R}; \mathbb{R})$ . The latter consists of the smooth functions on  $\overline{\mathbb{R}^2} \times \mathbb{R}^2$  which are Schwartz in the last two variables, flat at a point  $C'$  at the on the bounding sphere and such that  $\text{Id} + a$  is invertible. The  $*$ -extension adds arbitrary lower order terms in  $\dot{\Psi}_{\text{iso}}^0(\mathbb{R}; \mathbb{R})$  which do not affect invertibility.
- $G_{*2}$  : This is an exact sequence of contractible groups!

- $G_{13}$  : This is the image of the full symbol map from  $G_{12}$ . It consists of a  $*$ -algebra where, after some reorganization, all terms are Schwartz maps from  $\mathbb{R}^2$  into Schwartz operators on  $\mathbb{R}$  and the leading term is such that  $\text{Id} + b$  is invertible. This is a classifying space for odd K-theory.
- $G_{23}$  : This is a half-open version of the preceding group. That is the individual terms are not Schwartz but are (I think after rearrangement) Schwartz in one variable with values in the half-open flat loops in the other; it has a  $*$ -product. It is again a contractible group.
- $G_{33}$  : This is a  $*$ -extension of  $G_{\text{sus, ind}=0}^{-\infty}(\mathbb{R})$ .
- $G_{i*}$  : For each  $i$  this is quantization sequence.

Thus the operators in the top left block of four groups all correspond to certain functions on  $\mathbb{R}^5$ . The top two of the right column and the left two on the bottom row correspond to functions on  $\mathbb{R}^4$  and the bottom right group to functions on  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . In all cases the last two variables are Schwartz. So we can really imagine the functions as being on  $\mathbb{R}^3$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and  $\mathbb{R}$  respectively.

Log-multiplicative functionals:

- (1)  $\text{ind} : G_{11} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $\text{ind}(g) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \text{tr}(g^{-1}\dot{g}(t))dt$ .
- (2)  $\eta : G_{12} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ ,  $\eta(g) = \overline{\text{Tr}}(g^{-1}\dot{g})$  where  $\overline{\text{Tr}}$  is the regularized trace-integral which is a trace on the algebra.
- (3)  $\tilde{\eta} : G_{21} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ ,  $\tilde{\eta}(g) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \text{tr}(g^{-1}\dot{g}(t))dt$  which makes sense because of the flatness of the loops.
- (4)  $\tilde{\eta} : G_{22} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ ,  $\tilde{\eta}(g) = \overline{\text{Tr}}(g^{-1}\dot{g})$  where  $\overline{\text{Tr}}$  is the regularized trace-integral which is a trace on the algebra, since the parameter is the ‘good’ variable in product suspension.

These four maps are consistent under inclusion – i.e. they are all restrictions of the last map. Thus, restricting to the null spaces of these maps we get a commutative square in the top left corner. The exponential,  $\exp(2\pi i\tilde{\eta})$  on  $G_{21}$  descends to  $G_{31}$  where it is the multiplicative Fredholm determinant. The exponential  $\exp(2\pi i\eta)$  on  $G_{12}$  again descends to ‘our’ multiplicative determinant on the doubly suspended group. Again we can restrict to the subgroup where  $\det = 1$  in these two cases and get short exact sequences on the top row and left column.

*Exercise 33.* Extend this commutative diagram to the whole  $3 \times 3$  square. In particular show (I believe Frédéric Rochon has already done this) that the image groups under  $R$  and  $\sigma$  respectively in  $G_{32}$  and  $G_{23}$  are the full groups as before – the same as without the  $\tilde{\eta} = 0$  restriction. This shows how we can kill the determinant line bundle since the resulting group in the 33 slot is the central extension of  $G_{\text{sus, ind}=0}^{-\infty}$  by the determinant bundle.

**Proposition 57.** *The fact that the determinant bundle is ‘primitive’ as in (24.21) is equivalent to the fact that the non-zero elements give a  $\mathbb{C}^*$  central extension:*

$$(39.2) \quad \mathbb{C}^* \longrightarrow \mathcal{L}^* \longrightarrow G_{\text{sus, ind}=0}^{-\infty}.$$

*Exercise 34.* Check it. Also, while you are at it, define an Hermitian inner product on the determinant line bundle which reduces this to a  $U(1)$  extension. In the geometric case this was done by Bismut and Freed.

I will use this central extension to define and discuss the (reduced) K-theory 2-gerbe later.

*Remark 2.* The right hand column, in the unreduced picture, constructs the determinant bundle via the \*-extended, suspended delooping sequence.