

HOMEWORK 1

DUE MONDAY, FEB 13

Here are a couple of exercises in category theory, to acclimate you with the definitions.

1. *Yoneda lemma.* Let \mathcal{C} be a category. We may consider the category $\text{Func}(\mathcal{C}^{op}, \text{Sets})$ whose objects are contravariant functors $\mathcal{C} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$ and whose morphisms are natural transformations, ignoring the caveat that the collection of natural transformations between two functors may not form a set. We have seen that objects $Z \in \mathcal{C}$ give rise to contravariant functors

$$F_Z : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \text{Sets} \\ X \mapsto \text{Map}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, Z) = F_Z(X).$$

We have also seen that morphisms $f : Z_1 \rightarrow Z_2$ give rise to natural transformations

$$f_* : F_{Z_1} = \text{Map}_{\mathcal{C}}(-, Z_1) \rightarrow \text{Map}_{\mathcal{C}}(-, Z_2) = F_{Z_2}.$$

We thus have a functor

$$\mathcal{Y} : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \text{Func}(\mathcal{C}, \text{Sets})$$

given by $\mathcal{Y}(Z) = F_Z$. This functor is called the *Yoneda embedding*.

Prove *Yoneda's lemma*: the map

$$\text{Map}_{\mathcal{C}}(Z_1, Z_2) \rightarrow \text{Nat}(F_{Z_1}, F_{Z_2})$$

is a bijection. Here, $\text{Nat}(F_{Z_1}, F_{Z_2})$ is the collection of natural transformations. In particular, F_{Z_1} and F_{Z_2} are naturally isomorphic functors if and only if Z_1 and Z_2 are isomorphic.

2. *Adjoint functors.* Let \mathcal{C} and \mathcal{D} be categories. A pair of covariant functors

$$F : \mathcal{C} \rightleftarrows \mathcal{D} : G$$

are said to form an *adjoint pair* (F, G) if there is a natural isomorphism

$$\eta : \text{Map}_{\mathcal{D}}(F(-), -) \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{Map}_{\mathcal{C}}(-, G(-))$$

between functors from $\mathcal{C}^{op} \times \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$. Such an isomorphism η is called an *adjunction*. We say that F is *left adjoint* to G , and that G is *right adjoint* to F .

(a): Show that if G' is also right adjoint to F , then there is a natural isomorphism $G \cong G'$ (hint: you can use the Yoneda lemma).

(b): Show that if F' is also left adjoint to G , then there is a natural isomorphism $F \cong F'$ (hint: deduce this from (a) by being sneaky).

(c): Let S be a set. Show that there is an adjunction

$$\text{Map}(X \times S, Y) \cong \text{Map}(X, \text{Map}(S, Y)).$$