## 18.02A PROBLEM SET 11

## Due in recitation Tuesday, February 24

1. (15 points) Let B be the unit ball in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ :

$$B = \{ (x, y, z) \mid x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 1 \}.$$

This problem is about the function

$$f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2 - z^2},$$

which is defined on B.

- a) What are the largest and smallest values of the function f?
- b) The volume of B is equal to  $4\pi/3$ . Using just this fact and the answer to (a), what conclusion can you draw about the triple integral  $\iiint_B f \, dV$ ? (Your answer should be something like "the integral is at most 11.")
- c) There are at least three ways to calculate the integral: using rectangular coordinates, cylindrical coordinates, or spherical coordinates. Explain which of these ways ought to be the easiest.
- d) Compute the integral in two different ways.
- e) Let R be the unit disk in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ :

$$A = \{ (x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 \le 1 \}.$$

What is the geometric meaning of the double integral  $\iint_R \sqrt{1-x^2-y^2} \, dA$ ?

- f) Can you imagine a geometric meaning for the triple integral  $\iiint_B f \, dV$ ?
- 2. (10 points) This problem is about the tetrahedron

$$T = \{(x, y, z) \mid x \ge 0, \ y \ge 0, \ z \ge 0, \ x + y + z \le 1\}.$$

You may assume the fact that the volume of T is 1/6.

- a) If P = (a, b, c) is a fixed point and Q = (x, y, z) is a point in T, then the square of the distance from P to Q is  $(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 + (z - c)^2$ . Find the average value of the squared distance from P to points of T. (The answer will depend on a, b, and c.)
- b) What point P = (a, b, c) minimizes the average value of the squared distance to points of T?
- c) Find the center of mass of the tetrahedron.
- d) Can you make any insightful comments suggested by this problem?