

\mathbb{Q}^n (Seibelman) - What's HMS for the resolved conifold?

Ans: (Seidel + E)

$$X = \text{Tot}(O(-1) \oplus O(-1) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1)$$

(Complex: rigid
sympl: area param.)

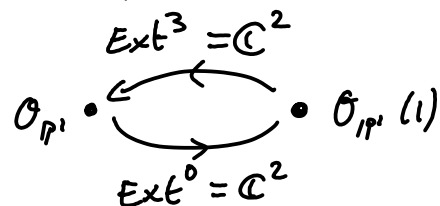
$\updownarrow?$

$$X^\vee = \left\{ x_0^2 + x_1^2 + x_2^2 = z + az^{-1} \right\} \subset \mathbb{C}^3 \times \mathbb{C}^*$$

(sympl: rigid
Complex: smoothing param. a)

• $D_{\mathbb{P}^1}^b(X) \xleftarrow{F} D^b(\mathbb{P}^1)$

Image of F generates $D_{\mathbb{P}^1}^b(X)$, hence generators $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}(1)$

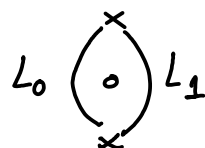


while on the mirror:
(take $a=1$)

$$X^\vee \xrightarrow{\pi} \mathbb{C}^*$$

$$(x_0, x_1, x_2, z) \mapsto z$$

conic bundle
sing. fibers at $z = \pm i$



matching paths
 $\rightarrow L_0, L_1 \subset X^\vee$

Lagrangian spheres

$$\text{hom}(L_0, L_1) = \mathbb{C}^2 \text{ in degree } 0$$

$L_0, L_1 \subset X^\vee$ mirror to $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}(1)$

• Other side of the mirror:

$$\mathcal{O} \text{ on } X^\vee \longleftrightarrow \text{noncompact Lagr. } S^1 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \subset X$$

projects to equator  $S^1 \subset \mathbb{P}^1$

& $\mathbb{R}^2 \subset \mathbb{C}^2$ for each fiber above equator

• Q: Mirror to $\mathcal{O} \oplus \mathcal{O}(-2) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$?

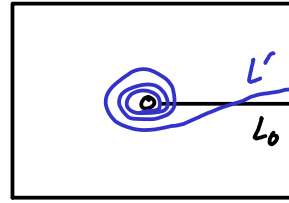
ans: \mathbb{C} factor splits off \Rightarrow (mirror to \mathbb{C}) \times (mirror to $\mathcal{O}(-2) \downarrow \mathbb{P}^1$)

• mirror to $\mathcal{O}(-2) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$ is $\{x_0^2 + x_1^2 = z + az^{-1}\}$

• mirror to \mathbb{C} is \mathbb{C}^* with $\begin{cases} - \text{small pt. at } \infty \\ - \text{wrapping at } 0 \end{cases}$

e.g. $\mathcal{O} \longleftrightarrow L_0 = \mathbb{R}_+$,

(Gabriel KERR)



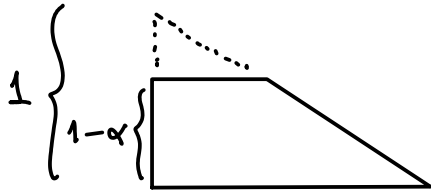
$$\text{Hom}(L_0, L_0) := \text{HF}(L_0, L_1) = \mathbb{C}[t] \quad \checkmark$$

Q (Seidel): what's the mirror to \mathbb{F}_n ?

A: (Fukaya)

Mirror to \mathbb{F}_n is

$$W = y_1 T^{u_1} + y_2 T^{u_2} + y_1^{-1} y_2^{-n} T^{n-u_1-nu_2} + y_2^{-1} T^{1-u_1-u_2}$$



Allow $y_i \notin \mathbb{R}^+$ (\Leftrightarrow allow \mathbb{C}^* in complex setup)

Solve $\frac{\partial W}{\partial y_1} = 0 = \frac{\partial W}{\partial y_2}$... 4 cut pts inside others outside.

A: (Arnoux)

Corrected Mirror to \mathbb{F}_3 : $W = \underbrace{x + y + \frac{B}{y} + \frac{AB^2}{xy^3}}_{\text{usual mirror}} + \underbrace{\frac{2AB}{y^2} + \frac{A^2B^2}{xy^4}}_{\text{contributions from } (u=4 \text{ disc}) \cup (\text{exc. curve})}$

has only 4 cut pts

contributions from $(u=4 \text{ disc}) \cup (\text{exc. curve})$