

Stochastic Processes – 18.445

MIT, FALL 2011

Practice Mid Term Exam 2

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**Problem 1:** . Let  $N_t$  be a birth/death process with:  $\lambda_n = 4$  for  $n \neq 8$ ,  $\lambda_8 = 0$ ,  $\mu_n = 5$  for  $n \neq 9$  and  $\mu_9 = 0$ .

- (a) Describe the communicating classes.
- (b) Assuming  $N_0 \leq 8$ , is the process recurrent or transient? In the former case find, if it exists, the equilibrium distribution. In the latter case, find if explosion occurs with positive probability.
- (c) Assuming  $N_0 \geq 9$ , is the process recurrent or transient? In the former case find, if it exists, the equilibrium distribution. In the latter case, find if explosion occurs with positive probability.

**Problem 2:** . A small barber shop, operated by a single barber, has room for only two costumers. Potential costumers arrive at a Poisson rate of 3 per hour, and the successive serving times are independent exponential random variables of mean 1/4 hour.

- (a) What is the average number of costumers in the shop?
- (b) What is the proportion of potential costumers that enter the shop?
- (c) If the barber could work twice as fast, how much more business would he do (in average)?

**Problem 3:** . Let  $M_n$ ,  $n \geq 0$ , with  $M_0 = 0$ , be a martingale, and let  $X_n = M_n - M_{n-1}$ ,  $n \geq 1$ . Prove that  $Var(M_n) = \sum_{i=0}^n Var(X_i)$ .

**Problem 4:** . Let  $X_1, X_2, X_3, \dots$  be independent identically distributed random variables. Let  $m(t) = \mathbb{E}[e^{tX_1}] < \infty$  be the moment generating function of  $X_1$ . Show that

$$M_n = m(t)^{-n} e^{t(X_1 + \dots + X_n)}, \quad n \geq 0,$$

is a martingale.

**Problem 5:** . Let  $B_t, t \geq 0$  be the standard Brownian motion. Find the probability density function of the following random variables:

- (1)  $|B_t|$ ,
- (2)  $|\max_{0 \leq s \leq t} B_s|$
- (3)  $\max_{0 \leq s \leq t} B_s - B_t$ .

**Problem 6:** . Let  $X_t = e^{at+btB_t}$ , where  $B_t$  be the standard Brownian motion, and  $a, b \geq 0$  are constants.

- (1) Find the probability density function of  $X_t$ .
- (2) Compute  $dX_t$ .
- (3) For which values of  $a, b$  is  $X_t$  a martingale?