

## 18.706 HOMEWORK 6

DUE OCT.14, 2020

### THEOREMS

In this part you will see theorems that we studied in the class. Please supply a detailed proof of each.

**Theorem 1.** *Let  $R$  be a left artinian ring and  $M$  be a finitely generated  $R$ -module. Then  $M$  admits a decomposition  $M = \bigoplus_{i=1}^n M_i$  into indecomposable  $R$ -modules. For a fixed indecomposable  $R$ -module  $N$ , the numbers of summands isomorphic to  $N$  in any two such decompositions are the same.*

**Theorem 2.** *Let  $R$  be a left artinian ring and  $M$  be a finitely generated  $R$ -module. Then  $M$  has a projective cover  $P_M$ , and  $P_M$  is unique up to isomorphism.*

### EXERCISES

**Problem 1.** For a finite-dimensional  $k$ -algebra  $R$  with  $\{P_i\}_{i \in I}$  the set of indecomposable projective modules (up to isomorphism), we define its *Cartan matrix* to be  $C = (C_{ij})_{i,j \in I}$  where  $C_{ij} = \dim_k \operatorname{Hom}_R(P_i, P_j)$ .

Let  $Q$  be a finite quiver without oriented cycles, and  $R_Q$  be its path algebra.

- (1) Compute the Cartan matrix of  $R_Q$  in terms of  $Q$ .
- (2) Show that any finite-dimensional  $R_Q$ -module  $M$  admits a two-step projective resolution, i.e., a short exact sequence of  $R_Q$ -modules

$$0 \rightarrow P_1 \rightarrow P_0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0$$

with  $P_1$  and  $P_0$  projective.

**Problem 2.** Let  $k$  be an algebraically closed field with  $\operatorname{char}(k) = 2$  or  $3$ . Describe indecomposable projective  $k[S_3]$ -modules.